

2023 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

IN5257008

KENDALLVILLE WATER DEPARTMENT

Annual Water Quality Report for the period of January 1 to December 31, 2023

This report is intended to provide you with important information about your drinking water and the efforts made by the water system to provide safe drinking water. KENDALLVILLE WATER DEPARTMENT is Ground Water pumped from 9 wells.

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre el agua que usted bebe. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

For more information regarding this report contact:

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Important Links

- A copy of this report may be obtained at the following link: <https://www.kendallvillein.gov/media/Water/ccr.pdf>
- A copy of the Wellhead Protection Plan may be obtained at the following link: <https://www.kendallvillein.gov/departments/Water/WellheadProtectionRule>

Drinking Water Safety and Information

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPAs Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.
- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health. Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Contaminants may be found in drinking water that may cause taste, color, or odor problems. These types of problems are not necessarily causes for health concerns. For more information on taste, odor, or color of drinking water, please contact the system's business office. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Water Quality Test Results

| | |
|--|--|
| Definitions: | The following tables contain scientific terms and measures, some of which may require explanation. |
| Avg: | Regulatory compliance with some MCLs are based on running annual average of monthly samples. |
| Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL: | The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology. |
| Level 1 Assessment: | A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system. |
| Maximum Contaminant Level Goal or MCLG: | The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety. |
| Level 2 Assessment: | A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions. |
| Maximum residual disinfectant level or MRDL: | The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants. |
| Maximum residual disinfectant level goal or MRDLG: | The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants. |
| na: | not applicable. |
| mrem: | millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body) |
| ppb: | micrograms per liter or parts per billion - or one ounce in 7,350,000 gallons of water. |
| ppm: | milligrams per liter or parts per million - or one ounce in 7,350 gallons of water. |
| Treatment Technique or TT: | A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water. |

Lead and Copper

Definitions:
Action Level Goal (ALG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. ALGs allow for a margin of safety.
Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. We are responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but we cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

| Lead and Copper | Date Sampled | MCLG | Action Level (AL) | 90th Percentile | # Sites Over AL | Units | Violation | Likely Source of Contamination |
|-----------------|--------------|------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------|-----------|---|
| Copper | 2022 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 0.837 | 1 | ppm | N | Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives; Corrosion of household plumbing systems. |
| Lead | 2019-2022 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 | ppb | N | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits. |

Regulated Contaminants

| Disinfectants and Disinfection By-Products | Collection Date | Highest Level Detected | Range of Levels Detected | MCLG | MCL | Units | Violation | Likely Source of Contamination |
|--|-----------------|------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|-----------|--|
| Chlorine | 2023 | 1 | 0.2 - 2 | MRDLG = 4 | MRDL = 4 | ppm | N | Water additive used to control microbes. |
| Haloacetic Acids (HAA5) | 2022 | 4 | 3.9-3.9 | No goal for the total | 60 | ppb | N | By-product of drinking water disinfection. |
| Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM) | 2023 | 2 | 1.9 – 1.9 | No goal for the total | 80 | ppb | N | By-product of drinking water disinfection. |
| Inorganic Contaminants | Collection Date | Highest Level Detected | Range of Levels Detected | MCLG | MCL | Units | Violation | Likely Source of Contamination |
| Barium | 2021 | 0.338 | 0.246 - 0.338 | 2 | 2 | ppm | N | Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits. |
| Fluoride | 2021 | 1 | 0.5 - 1 | 4 | 4.0 | ppm | N | Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories. |
| NITRATE | 11/26/2023 | .11 | 0 – 0.11 | 10 | 10 | ppm | N | Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits. |
| NITRATE-NITRITE | 8/9/2021 | .32 | 0 – 0.32 | 10 | 10 | ppm | N | Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits. |
| Radioactive Contaminants | Collection Date | Highest Level Detected | Range of Levels Detected | MCLG | MCL | Units | Violation | Likely Source of Contamination |
| Beta/photon emitters | 2022 | 5.3 | 1.78-5.3 | 0 | 4 | mrem/yr | N | Decay of natural and man-made deposits. |
| Combined Radium 226/228 | 2022 | 1.7 | 0.8 – 1.7 | 0 | 5 | pCi/L | N | Erosion of natural deposits. |
| Gross alpha excluding radon and uranium | 2022 | 0.1 | -0.52-0.1 | 0 | 15 | pCi/L | N | Erosion of natural deposits. |

Coliform Bacteria

| Maximum Contaminant Level Goal | Total Coliform Maximum Contaminant Level | Highest No. of Positive | Fecal Coliform or E. Coli Maximum Contaminant Level | Total No. of Positive E. Coli or Fecal Coliform Samples | Violation | Likely Source of Contamination |
|--------------------------------|--|-------------------------|---|---|-----------|---------------------------------------|
| 0 | 1 positive monthly sample. | 1 | | 0 | N | Naturally present in the environment. |

Our system collected samples under the U.S. EPA Unregulated Contaminants Monitoring Rule (UCMR) for 29 PFAS compounds and Lithium. This monitoring is being conducted so the EPA can receive occurrence data for these compounds to determine what additional compounds may need to be regulated in drinking water. We collected samples in March, September, and November of 2023 and detected the compounds shown in this table. These compounds are not regulated at this time. If you would like to view our results, contact our office at 260-347-2452.

| PWSCode | SamplePointName | SampleCollectionDate | MethodCode | AnalyteName | ResultMeasure | ResultBelowMRL | UnitOfMeasure |
|-----------|-------------------|----------------------|------------|-------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|
| IN5257008 | SATELLITE PLANT | 3/6/2023 | EPA 533 | HFPO-DA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | ROGERS ROAD PLANT | 3/7/2023 | EPA 533 | HFPO-DA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | MAIN PLANT | 3/8/2023 | EPA 533 | HFPO-DA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | ROGERS ROAD PLANT | 9/12/2023 | EPA 533 | HFPO-DA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | SATELLITE PLANT | 9/12/2023 | EPA 533 | HFPO-DA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | MAIN PLANT | 11/29/2023 | EPA 533 | HFPO-DA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | SATELLITE PLANT | 3/6/2023 | EPA 533 | PFBA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | ROGERS ROAD PLANT | 3/7/2023 | EPA 533 | PFBA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | MAIN PLANT | 3/8/2023 | EPA 533 | PFBA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | ROGERS ROAD PLANT | 9/12/2023 | EPA 533 | PFBA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | SATELLITE PLANT | 9/12/2023 | EPA 533 | PFBA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | MAIN PLANT | 11/29/2023 | EPA 533 | PFBA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | SATELLITE PLANT | 3/6/2023 | EPA 533 | PFBS | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | ROGERS ROAD PLANT | 3/7/2023 | EPA 533 | PFBS | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | MAIN PLANT | 3/8/2023 | EPA 533 | PFBS | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | ROGERS ROAD PLANT | 9/12/2023 | EPA 533 | PFBS | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | SATELLITE PLANT | 9/12/2023 | EPA 533 | PFBS | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | MAIN PLANT | 11/29/2023 | EPA 533 | PFBS | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | SATELLITE PLANT | 3/6/2023 | EPA 533 | PFHxA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | ROGERS ROAD PLANT | 3/7/2023 | EPA 533 | PFHxA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | MAIN PLANT | 3/8/2023 | EPA 533 | PFHxA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | ROGERS ROAD PLANT | 9/12/2023 | EPA 533 | PFHxA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | SATELLITE PLANT | 9/12/2023 | EPA 533 | PFHxA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | MAIN PLANT | 11/29/2023 | EPA 533 | PFHxA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | SATELLITE PLANT | 3/6/2023 | EPA 533 | PFHxS | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | ROGERS ROAD PLANT | 3/7/2023 | EPA 533 | PFHxS | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | MAIN PLANT | 3/8/2023 | EPA 533 | PFHxS | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | ROGERS ROAD PLANT | 9/12/2023 | EPA 533 | PFHxS | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | SATELLITE PLANT | 9/12/2023 | EPA 533 | PFHxS | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | MAIN PLANT | 11/29/2023 | EPA 533 | PFHxS | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | SATELLITE PLANT | 3/6/2023 | EPA 533 | PFNA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | ROGERS ROAD PLANT | 3/7/2023 | EPA 533 | PFNA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | MAIN PLANT | 3/8/2023 | EPA 533 | PFNA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |

| | | | | | | | |
|-----------|-------------------|------------|-----------|---------|-------|--------|------|
| IN5257008 | ROGERS ROAD PLANT | 9/12/2023 | EPA 533 | PFNA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | SATELLITE PLANT | 9/12/2023 | EPA 533 | PFNA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | MAIN PLANT | 11/29/2023 | EPA 533 | PFNA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | SATELLITE PLANT | 3/6/2023 | EPA 533 | PFOA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | ROGERS ROAD PLANT | 3/7/2023 | EPA 533 | PFOA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | MAIN PLANT | 3/8/2023 | EPA 533 | PFOA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | ROGERS ROAD PLANT | 9/12/2023 | EPA 533 | PFOA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | SATELLITE PLANT | 9/12/2023 | EPA 533 | PFOA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | MAIN PLANT | 11/29/2023 | EPA 533 | PFOA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | SATELLITE PLANT | 3/6/2023 | EPA 533 | PFOS | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | ROGERS ROAD PLANT | 3/7/2023 | EPA 533 | PFOS | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | MAIN PLANT | 3/8/2023 | EPA 533 | PFOS | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | ROGERS ROAD PLANT | 9/12/2023 | EPA 533 | PFOS | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | SATELLITE PLANT | 9/12/2023 | EPA 533 | PFOS | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | MAIN PLANT | 11/29/2023 | EPA 533 | PFOS | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | SATELLITE PLANT | 3/6/2023 | EPA 533 | PFPeA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | ROGERS ROAD PLANT | 3/7/2023 | EPA 533 | PFPeA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | MAIN PLANT | 3/8/2023 | EPA 533 | PFPeA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | ROGERS ROAD PLANT | 9/12/2023 | EPA 533 | PFPeA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | SATELLITE PLANT | 9/12/2023 | EPA 533 | PFPeA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | MAIN PLANT | 11/29/2023 | EPA 533 | PFPeA | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | SATELLITE PLANT | 9/12/2023 | EPA 200.7 | lithium | | 10.7 N | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | SATELLITE PLANT | 3/6/2023 | EPA 200.7 | lithium | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | ROGERS ROAD PLANT | 3/7/2023 | EPA 200.7 | lithium | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | MAIN PLANT | 3/8/2023 | EPA 200.7 | lithium | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | ROGERS ROAD PLANT | 9/12/2023 | EPA 200.7 | lithium | < MRL | Y | ug/L |
| IN5257008 | MAIN PLANT | 11/29/2023 | EPA 200.7 | lithium | < MRL | Y | ug/L |

The City of Kendallville Common Council members meet on the 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month at 7:00 PM in the Council Chambers of City Hall for anyone interested in participating in decisions that affect the quality of water.